

혈관내막세포 단층배양에서 동시배양 세포의 악성도에 따른 투과도 변화

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= Abstract =

Permeability Changes of Capillary Endothelial Monolayer according to the Malignancy of Co-cultured Cell Lines

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Even though many hypotheses have been derived from the anatomical and functional analysis of in vivo models of brain tumors, it is still impossible to explain the mechanism of peritumoral edema. To determine whether increased permeability in a blood-brain barrier model correlated with the malignancy of a co-cultured brain tumor, the authors established an in vitro brain capillary endothelial monolayer co-culture model. Water-soluble factors which might explain the pathogenetic mechanism of peritumoral edema in brain tumors were expected and observed.

The benign cell co-culture model used co-cultured astrocytoma cell lines such as C6 and H683 in the second compartment of a brain capillary endothelial monolayer culture model circumscribed with a 0.4μ sized porous membrane which permitted communication of the media but limited cell migration to another compartment, and the malignant cell co-culture model used co-cultured glioblastoma cell lines such as 87MG and 373MG. Permeability at molecular weight 373 increased in the astrocytoma and glioblastoma co-culture models to 150% and 240% respectively, of that in a normal astrocyte co-culture model. Permeability at this molecular weight also increased in the astrocytoma- and glioblastoma- conditioned medium culture models to 38% and 131%, respectively, of that in a normal astrocytoma- conditioned medium culture model. The observed result was that permeability of the endothelial monolayer increased in accordance with the malignancy of co-cultured cells in the system permitting—other than cell migration—media transfer only.

The result suggested that some factor soluble in media secreted from co-cultured cells changes the permeability of the endothelial monolayer and could explain the pathogenetic mechanism of peritumoral edema in malignant brain tumors.

KEY WORDS : Blood-brain barrier · In vitro model · Malignant brain tumor · Peritumoral edema · Transendothelial permeability · Electrical resistance.

서 론

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연구 범위 및 방법

fluorescein fluores-
 cein isothiocyanate conjugated dextran 가

1. 미세혈관 내막세포 배양

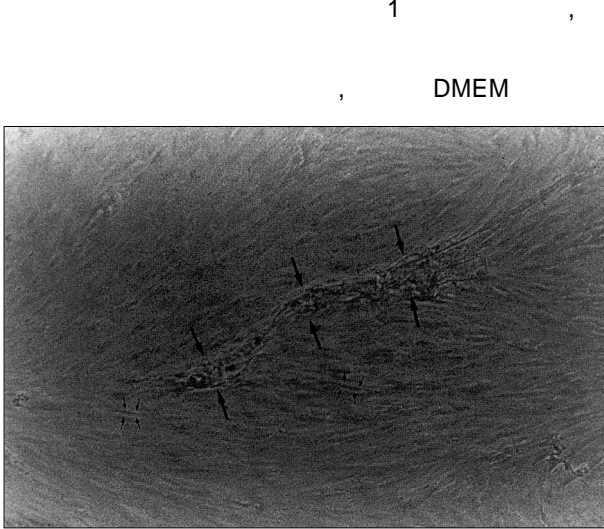


Fig. 1. Phase-contrast photomicrograph of embedded endothelial cells (small arrows) growing from a small capillary fragment (large arrows) in the flask culture. (100x)

(Fig. 1).
 Anti - Factor VIII antigen antibody

(Fig. 2).

(cobble stone) 가 (Fig. 3).
 0.4um 가

2. 동시배양 세포 배양
 C6 (rat glial cell tumor)
 Hs 683 (human glioma)
 373MG 87MG 10% 가 DMEM
 Porous collagen - coated membrane
 100,000cells/ml

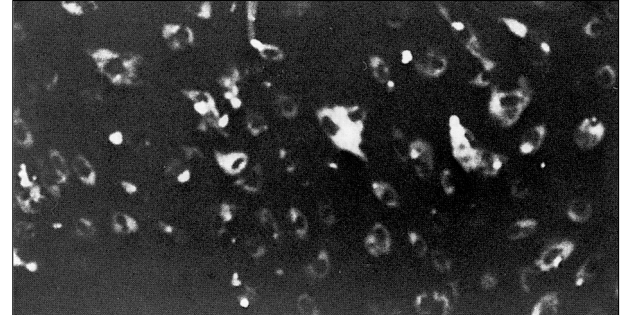


Fig. 2. Photomicrograph of cultured endothelial cells stained like 'starry night' using indirect immuno-fluorescence with anti-Factor VIII antigen antibody. (200x)

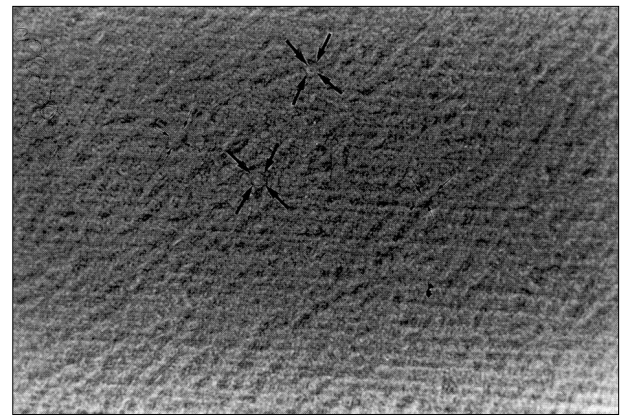


Fig. 3. Phase-contrast photomicrograph of endothelial monolayer on the microporous membrane in the transwell. Typical cobble stone appearance was noted (large arrows) but some cells shows round, elliptical, and various types of morphology (small arrows).

3 5 chambe , Tu chamber
 가 , t 가
 5 0.4u
 (P_t)
 (P₀) (P_m)

3. 정상 성상세포, 양성 성상세포종 그리고 교모세포종 세포 배양액에 의한 미세혈관 내막세포 배양
 C6(rat glial cell tumor)

$$\frac{1}{P_0} = \frac{1}{P_t} - \frac{1}{P_m}$$

Hs 683(human glioma) ,
 373MG 87MG 10% 가 DMEM
 3 5 가

결 과

2 3
 0.4u
 -70 가

1. 전기저항

4650 ±
 290 cm² ,
 5817 ± 530 cm² ,
 1166 ± 527 cm² .

DMEM 1 : 1 가
 2

6917 ± 462 cm²
 2367 ± 462 cm²

4. 전기저항 측정과 투과도 측정

1975 ± 529 cm² ,
 1633 ±
 98 cm² (Fig. 4).

(Circuit tester 3201 - E,
 YOKOGAWA Electric Co. Japan)
 porous collagen -
 coated membrane

2. 미세혈관 내막세포 단일층을 정상 성상세포와 동시배양

373, 4400, 9300 38900
 6.4 × 10⁻⁴, 0.97 × 10⁻⁴, 0.64 × 10⁻⁴,
 0.55 × 10⁻⁴cm · min⁻¹ , 가 23 ×
 10⁻⁴cm · min⁻¹

fluoresceine sodium(MW=373),
 4400, 9300, 38900 fluoresceine isothiocyanate con-
 jugated dextran 10 100uM 가

0.1 1mL
 phosphate buffered saline 1ml
 가 spectrofluorometer excitation
 490nm 520nm fluoresence .

Sill³⁴⁾ Effective Permeability
 Coefficient

$$Pe = \frac{V}{A} \times \frac{(T_L / T_u)}{t}$$

V chamber media volume , A en-
 dothelial cell - covered membrane , T_L

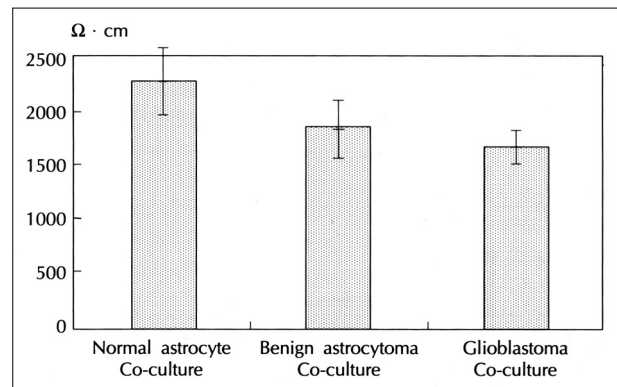


Fig. 4. Graph showing the trans-endothelial electrical resistance of three models. The normal astrocyte co-culture model show highest among four models in the trans-endothelial electrical resistance.

8.87×10^{-4} , 1.01×10^{-4} , 0.66×10^{-4} , $0.56 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$ (Fig. 5).

3. 미세혈관 내막세포 단일층을 양성 성상세포종과 동시 배양

C6(rat glial cell tumor) Hs 683(human glioma)
 373 , 4400 , 9300 , 38900
 8.8×10^{-4} , 1.6×10^{-4} , 0.97×10^{-4} , $0.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$,
 가 $23 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$
 14.3×10^{-4} , 1.7×10^{-4} , 1.01×10^{-4} , $0.51 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$
 (Fig. 6).

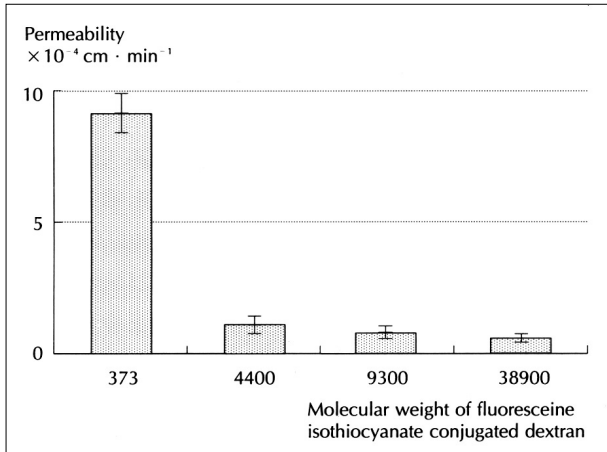


Fig. 5. Graph showing permeability ratio of endothelial monolayer in the astrocyte co-culture system for various molecular weight of fluorescein sodium and fluoresceine isothiocyanate conjugated dextran.

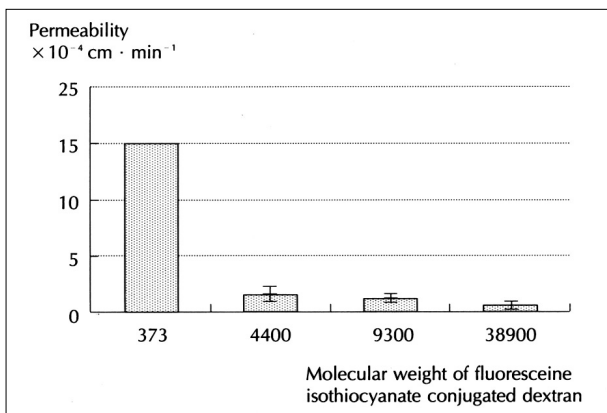


Fig. 6. Graph showing permeability ratio of endothelial monolayer in the benign astrocytoma co-culture system for various molecular weight of fluorescein sodium and fluoresceine iso-thiocyanate conjugated dextran.

4. 미세혈관 내막세포 단일층을 교모세포종과 동시배양

373 , 4400 , 9300 , 38900
 13×10^{-4} , 4.5×10^{-4} , 2.8×10^{-4} , $2.1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$,
 가 $23 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$
 29.9×10^{-4} , 5.6×10^{-4} , 3.2×10^{-4} ,
 $2.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$ (Fig. 7).

5. 정상 성상세포, 양성 성상세포종 그리고 교모세포종 세포 배양액에 의한 미세혈관 내막세포 배양

373
 8.1×10^{-4} ,

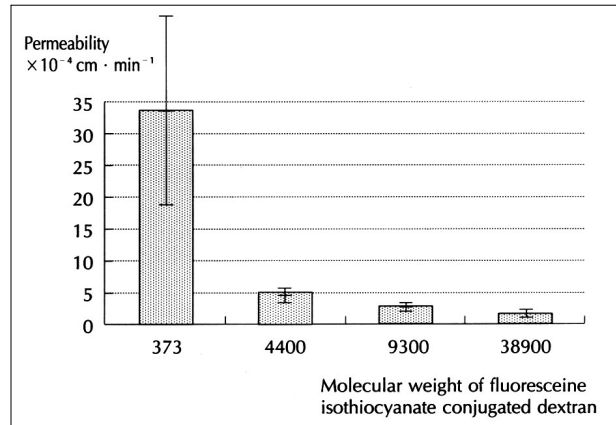


Fig. 7. Graph showing permeability ratio of endothelial monolayer in the malignant glioblastoma co-culture system for various molecular weight of fluorescein sodium and fluoresceine isothiocyanate conjugated dextran.

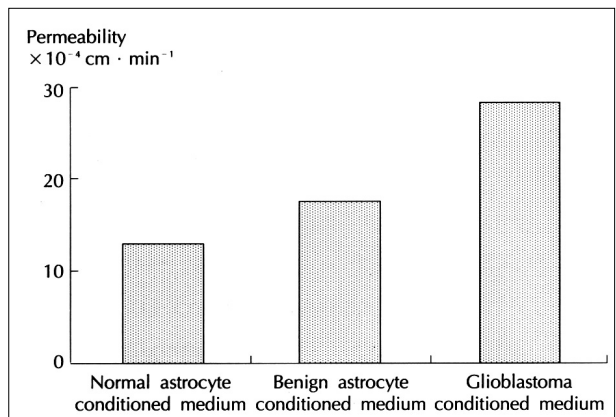


Fig. 8. Graph showing permeability ratio of endothelial monolayer cultured non-conditioned medium compared to endothelial monolayer cultured with the normal astrocyte, benign astrocytoma and malignant glioblastoma conditioned medium for the molecular weight 373 of fluoresceine sodium.

	Rapoport ³⁰⁾	가	
	6.46 - 14.1	가	
$\times 10^{-6}/\text{sec}$, Brooks ⁶⁾ $11 \pm 2.4 \times 10^{-5}$		
/sec	Ziylian		
⁴¹⁾ sucrose(MW 340)	$6.3 - 24.8 \times 10^{-6}/\text{sec}$		가 100 10000
dextran(MW 79000)	$0.1 - 0.6 \times 10^{-6}/\text{sec}$		
	, Pardridge ²⁷⁾ glucose $2.7 \times 10^{-3}\text{cm}$		10 100
/min,	sucrose $1 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$		
	, Ohno ²⁶⁾ 가 3.3×10^{-6}		(extracellular matrix)
/sec	, $28 \times 10^{-6}/\text{sec}$	가	가
가		가	collagen
	²⁾³⁾ 68,000		
	0.42 -	가 $5 \times 10^{-2}\text{cm}/\text{min}$	
$1.81 \times 10^{-6}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, 3	가	가
10	가	가 $2 \times 10^{-4}\text{cm}/\text{min}$	
가	가		
	Pardridge ²⁷⁾ glu -		가
cose	$1.4 \times 10^{-2}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, sucrose	가	
	$5.1 \times 10^{-3}\text{cm}/\text{min}$		
issi Audus ²⁸⁾	Rae -		
uorescein	$7 \times 10^{-4}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, Delta Sleep -	가 Ebans blue	
Inducing Peptide	$1 \times 10^{-4}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, FITC		
dextran 20000	$0.8 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$	가	가
	, Shi Audus ³³⁾ FITC dextran 4400	가 2	가 가
	$4 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, FITC dextran 9400	가 ³⁾ .	
	$3 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, FITC dextran 19000	Brooks ⁶⁾	$11 \pm 2.4 \times 10^{-5}/$
	$1.2 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, FITC dextran 40,500	sec,	$6.6 \pm 5.8 \times 10^{-5}/\text{sec}$
	$0.25 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$ 가		$109 \pm 86 \times 10^{-5}/\text{sec}$
			$2 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}^{23)}$,
	Dehouck ¹²⁾ glucose		$214 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$,
	$5.06 \times 10^{-3}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, sucrose		$26.2 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}^{5)}$
$0.63 \times 10^{-3}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, Raub	, C6	
³¹⁾	[3H] Dextran 70,000	가	2 4 가
	$3.3 \times 10^{-6}\text{cm}/\text{min}$, [14C] Sucrose 342	²⁵⁾ .	
	$2.45 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$		
	$5 - 89 \times 10^{-5}\text{cm}/\text{min}$		
	가		
	(exchanging capillary surface		가
area)	$100\text{cm}^2/\text{ml}$ ²⁹⁾ , $240\text{cm}^2/$		가
ml	⁹⁾		, Ohnishi ²⁵⁾
		C6	가

가 가
가 가
가 가
가 가
가 가

$2 - 30 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$
1 100

(Fig. 10).

60% 가
가 240% 가
0.4u

36%, 131%가 가
0.4u

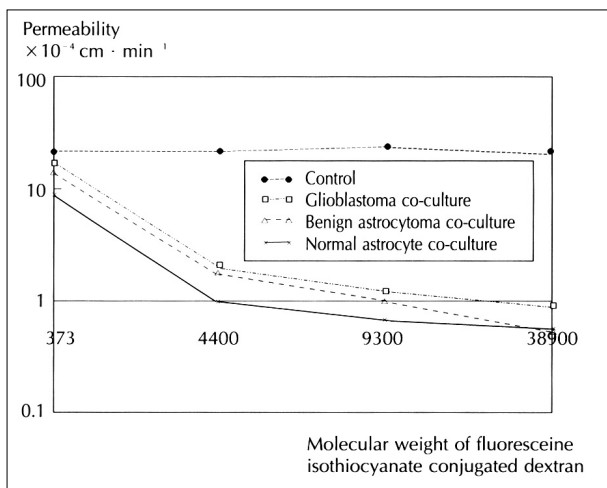


Fig. 10. Graph showing permeability ratios according to various molecular weight of fluorescein sodium and fluorescein isothiocyanate conjugated dextran in each model. More malignant co-cultured cell is, higher permeability co-cultured model system shows especially in small molecular weight molecules.

가 가

가 가

가

가

가

가

가

가

결 론

1)

가 240%

36%, 131%가 가

2)

(R2=0.94).

가

0.4u

가 가

가가

가

- : 1997 7 9
- : 1997 8 25
- : 442 - 380 5
- : 0331) 219 - 5664, : 0331) 219 - 6658

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